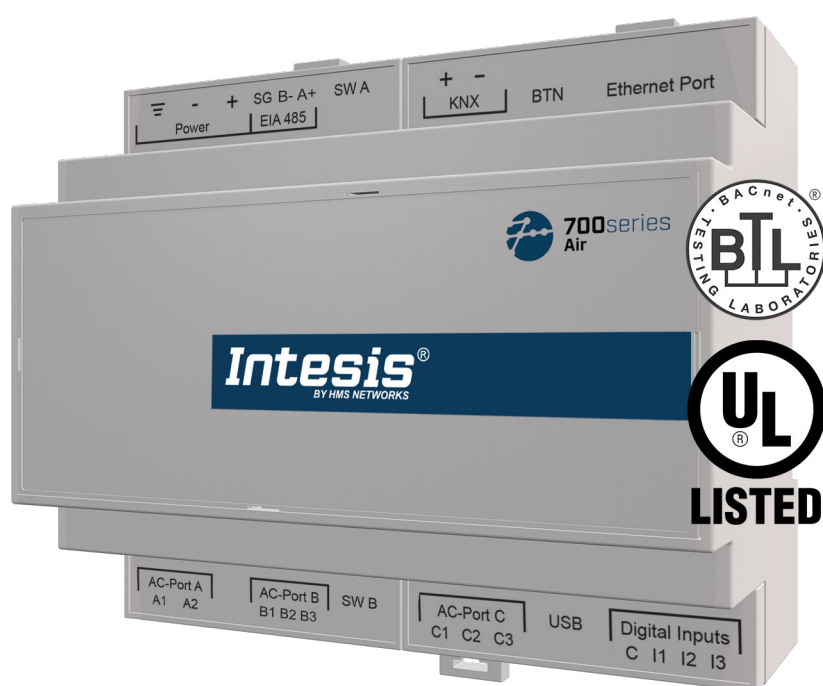


COMMERCIAL AND VRF SYSTEMS to Modbus, KNX, BACnet, and Home Automation

USER MANUAL
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1. Description, Compatible AC systems, and Order Codes

IN770AIR*O000 Gateway.**

Modbus®, KNX®, BACnet®, and Home Automation gateway for HVAC systems.

Use the compatibility tool to get a complete list of compatible units: <https://compatibility.intesis.com/>

You can set up this Intesis gateway for Modbus TCP, Modbus RTU, KNX TP, BACnet/IP, BACnet MS/TP, or Home Automation.

ORDER CODE	LEGACY ORDER CODE
IN770AIR***O000 ¹	INBACMID004I000
¹ *** stands for XXS, 00S, or 00M, depending on the license you have purchased. To know more, see Licensing (page 2) .	



NOTE

The order code may vary depending on the product seller and the buyer's location.

2. Licensing

Distribution license(s) for the IN770AIR***O000 gateway:

Order Code	Frigicoll references	License	Maximum indoor units
IN770AIRXXSO000	FRI-BMS-04	XXS	4
IN770AIR00SO000	FRI-BMS-16	Small	16
IN770AIR00MO000	FRI-BMS-64	Medium	64

**NOTE**

The order code may vary depending on the product seller and the buyer's location.

3. General Information

3.1. Intended Use of the User Manual

This manual contains the main features of this Intesis gateway and the instructions for its appropriate installation, configuration, and operation.

Any person who installs, configures, or operates this gateway or any associated equipment should be aware of this manual's contents.

Keep this manual for future reference during the installation, configuration, and operation.

3.2. General Safety Information



IMPORTANT

Follow these instructions carefully. Improper work may seriously harm your health and damage the gateway and/or any other equipment connected to it.

Only technical personnel, following these instructions and the country legislation for installing electrical equipment, can install and manipulate this gateway.

Install this gateway indoors, in a restricted access location, avoiding exposure to direct solar radiation, water, high relative humidity, or dust.

Preferably, mount this gateway on a DIN rail inside a grounded metallic cabinet, following the instructions in this manual.

If mounting on a wall, firmly fix this gateway on a non-vibrating surface, following the instructions in this manual.

All wires (for communication and power supply, if needed) must only be connected to networks with indoor wiring. All communication ports are considered for indoor use and must only be connected to SELV circuits.

Disconnect all systems from power before manipulating and connecting them to the gateway.

Use SELV-rated NEC class 2 or limited power source (LPS) power supply.



CAUTION

To avoid earth loops that can damage the gateway and/or any other equipment connected to it, we strongly recommend:

- The use of DC power supplies, floating or with the negative terminal connected to earth. **Never use a DC power supply with a positive terminal connected to earth.**
- The use of AC power supplies only if they are floating and not powering any other device.

Use a circuit breaker between the gateway and the power supply. Rating: 250 V, 6 A.

Supply the correct voltage to power the gateway. The admitted range is detailed in the technical specifications table.

Respect the expected polarity of power and communication cables when connecting them to the gateway.

This Intesis gateway is designed for installation in an enclosure. When the device is mounted outside an enclosure, precautions should be taken to avoid electrostatic discharges to the unit in environments with static levels above 4 kV. When working in an enclosure (e.g., making adjustments, setting switches, etc.), typical anti-static precautions should be observed before touching the unit.

Binary inputs, if present, are potential-free contact. Do not connect any voltage.

These safety instructions in other languages can be found [here](#).

3.3. Admonition Messages and Symbols

**CAUTION**

Instruction that must be followed to avoid a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

**IMPORTANT**

Instruction that must be followed to avoid a risk of reduced functionality and/or damage to the equipment or to avoid a network security risk.

**NOTE**

Additional information which may facilitate installation and/or operation.

**TIP**

Helpful advice and suggestions.

**NOTICE**

Remarkable Information.

4. Overview

This IN770AIR***O000 gateway supports four combinations.

Gateway's client interface	↔	Gateway's server interface
Midea commercial and VRF systems	to	Modbus TCP and RTU
		KNX TP
		BACnet/IP or MS/TP
		Home Automation

**IMPORTANT**
This document assumes that the user is familiar with these technologies.

Figure 1. Integration of indoor units into Modbus systems

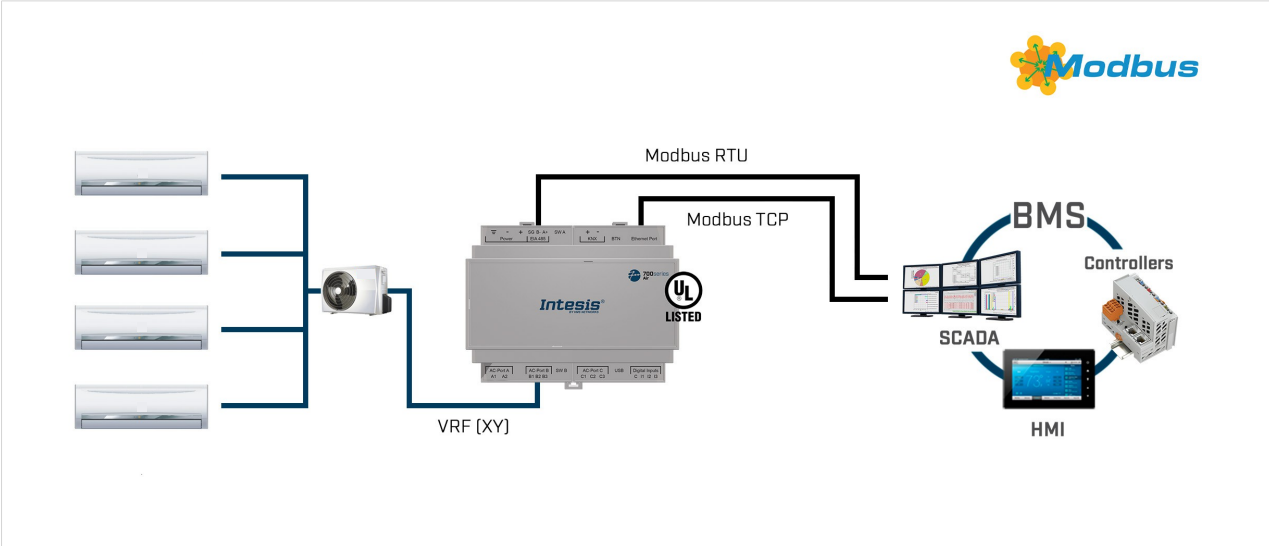


Figure 2. Integration of indoor units into KNX TP systems

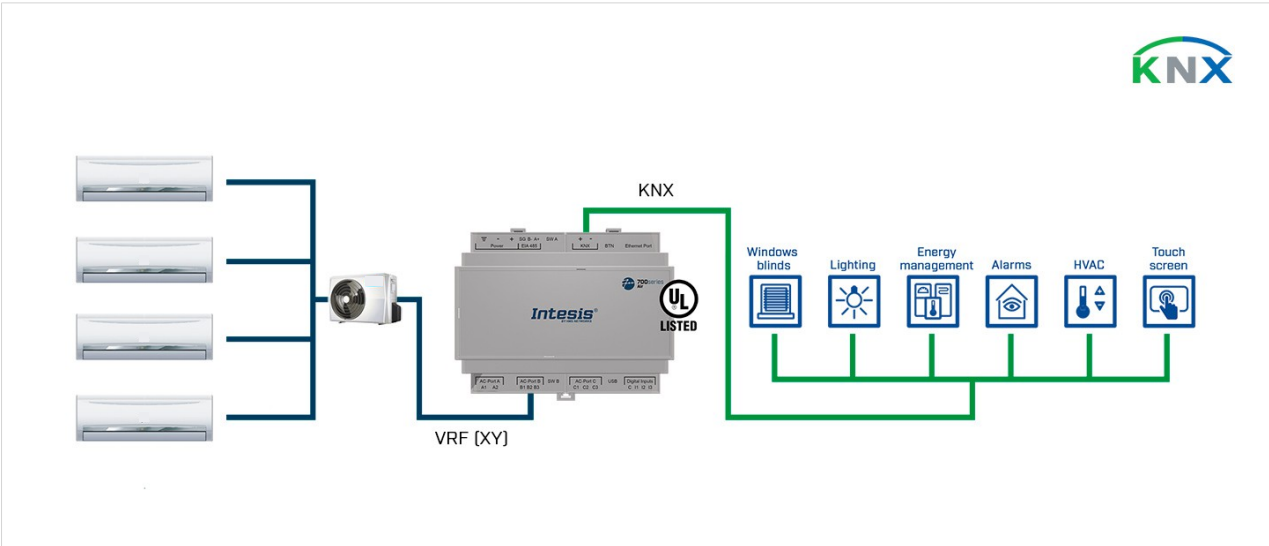


Figure 3. Integration of indoor units into BACnet systems

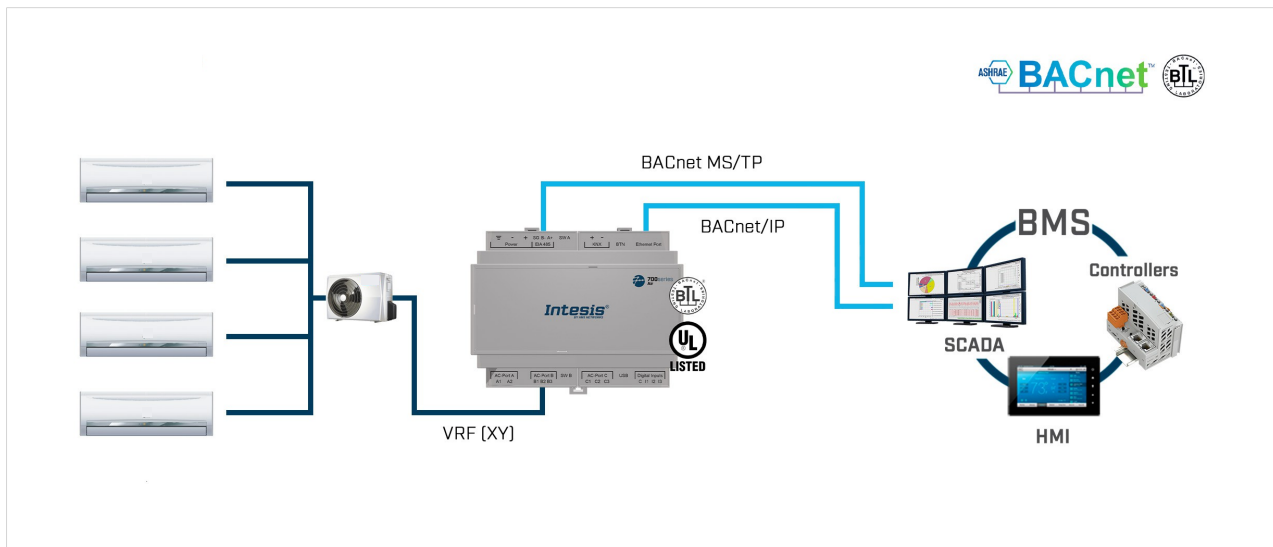
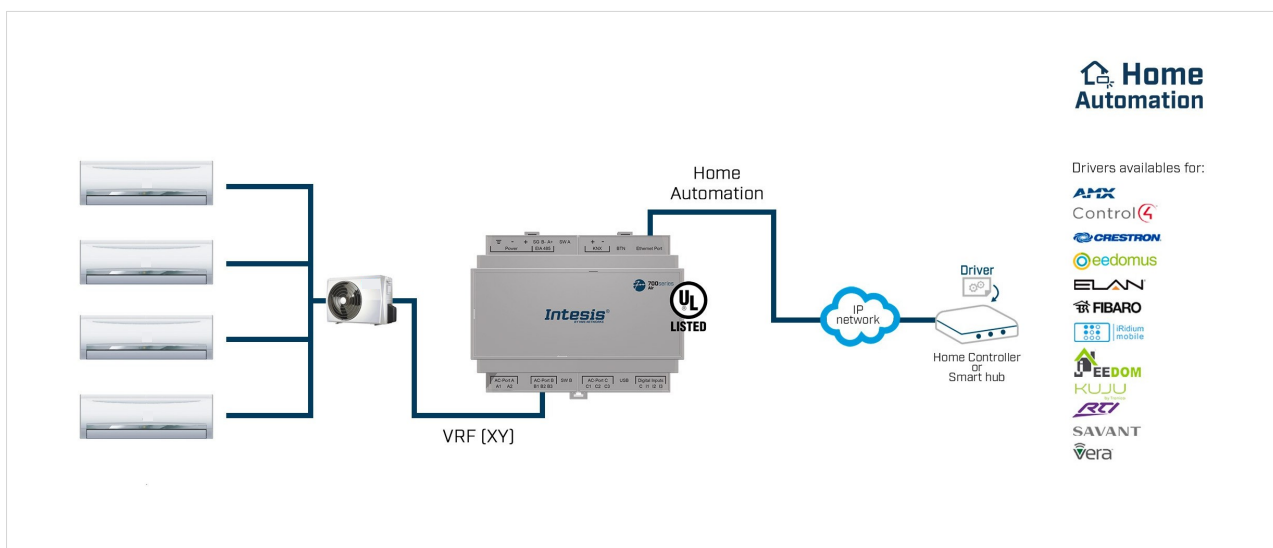


Figure 4. Integration of indoor units into Home Automation systems



4.1. Inside the Package

ITEMS INCLUDED

- Intesis IN770AIR***O000 Gateway
- Installation guide

4.2. Main Features

- Several protocol combinations available: Configurable for Modbus TCP and RTU, KNX TP, BACnet/IP and MS/TP, and Home Automation communication protocols.
- Late configuration: Change between protocol combinations easily.
- Three licenses with different capacities.
- Scan function: Find the AC units connected to the air conditioning bus.

- Specific signals to monitor outdoor units.
- 2 x DIP switches for the EIA-485 connector termination and polarization configuration.
- 14 LEDs indicate the operating status for both the gateway and the communication bus.
- DIN rail and wall mounting case.
- Accredited with the main certifications for electronic equipment.
- Three binary inputs to integrate energy meters.
- Multiple ports for serial and TCP/IP communication:
 - Green pluggable terminal block for EIA-485 (3 poles)
 - Orange pluggable terminal block for KNX (2 poles)
 - Ethernet
 - Green pluggable terminal block for binary inputs (4 poles)
 - USB Type-C port for connection to the PC
 - Green pluggable terminal block for AC connection (2 poles)
 - Green pluggable terminal block for AC connection (3 poles)
 - Green pluggable terminal block for AC connection (3 poles)

4.3. Gateway General Functionality

With this Intesis IN770AIR***O000 gateway, you can easily integrate Midea Commercial and VRF systems into an installation based on Modbus TCP, Modbus RTU, KNX TP, BACnet/IP, BACnet MS/TP, or Home Automation. To do so, the gateway acts as a server device of the installation itself, accessing all signals from each unit and allowing control of the whole HVAC network.

The gateway continuously polls the HVAC network, storing in its memory the current status of every signal you want to track and serving this data to the installation when requested. When a signal status changes, the gateway communicates it to the installation, waits for the response, and performs the corresponding action.

A signal's lack of response activates a communication error, allowing you to determine which signal from which unit is not working correctly.

5. Quick Start Guide



IMPORTANT

While the following procedure outlines the fundamental steps for installing, wiring, and configuring the gateway, it is crucial to thoroughly review all documentation to prevent errors.

1. Install [Intesis MAPS](#) on your laptop. Use the setup program supplied and follow the instructions given by the installation wizard.
2. Mount the gateway at the desired installation site. The gateway can be mounted on a DIN rail or on a wall. Mounting the gateway on a DIN rail inside a metallic industrial cabinet grounded to earth is recommended. See [Mounting \(page 9\)](#).
3. Disconnect all systems from power before wiring the gateway.
4. Connect the BMS communication wires to the gateway. See [Gateway Connectors \(page 11\)](#).
 - a. If using Modbus TCP, BACnet/IP, or Home Automation, connect the communication cable coming from the Modbus/BACnet/Home Automation network to the port marked as **Ethernet** on the gateway.
 - b. If using Modbus RTU or BACnet MS/TP, connect the communication cables coming from the Modbus/BACnet network to the port marked as **EIA 485** on the gateway.
 - c. If using KNX TP, connect the communication cables coming from the KNX network to the port marked as **KNX** on the gateway.
5. Connect the communication cable from the system to the port marked as **AC-Port B** on the gateway.
6. Power the gateway. The supply voltage can be from 12 to 36 VDC or just 24 VAC. Observe the polarity. See [Connection to the Power Supply \(page 13\)](#).
7. Connect the gateway to your laptop to configure it with Intesis MAPS. See [Connection to a PC for Configuration \(page 17\)](#).
 - a. If you want to connect via USB, connect a USB cable from the laptop to the port marked as **USB** on the gateway.
 - b. If you want to connect via IP, connect the Ethernet cable from the laptop to the port marked as **Ethernet Port** on the gateway.
8. Open Intesis MAPS and create a new project selecting the needed project template.
9. Modify the configuration as needed, save it, and send the configuration file to the gateway. Consult the [Intesis MAPS guide](#).
10. Go to the **Diagnostic** tab and check the communication activity between the gateway, the BMS, and the Midea systems. If there is no communication activity, check that all systems are operative, the wiring of all devices is right, and the configuration of the gateway is correct.

6. Hardware

6.1. Mounting

**IMPORTANT**

Before mounting, please ensure that the chosen installation place preserves the gateway from direct solar radiation, water, high relative humidity, or dust.

**NOTE**

Mount the gateway on a wall or over a DIN rail. We recommend the DIN rail mounting option, preferably inside a grounded metallic industrial cabinet.

**IMPORTANT**

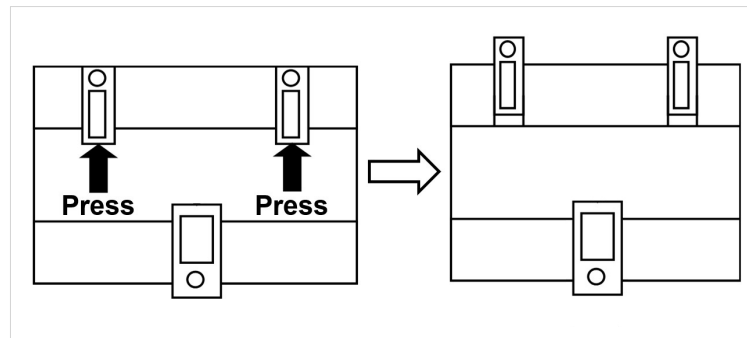
Ensure the gateway has sufficient clearances for all connections when mounted. See [Dimensions \(page 22\)](#).

WALL MOUNTING

**IMPORTANT**

For reasons of security, the maximum height for wall mounting is two meters (6.5 feet).

1. Press the top-side mobile clips in the rear panel until you hear a *click*.



2. Use the clip holes to fix the gateway on the wall using screws.

**NOTE**

Use M3 screws, 25 mm (1") length.

3. Make sure the gateway is firmly fixed.

DIN RAIL MOUNTING

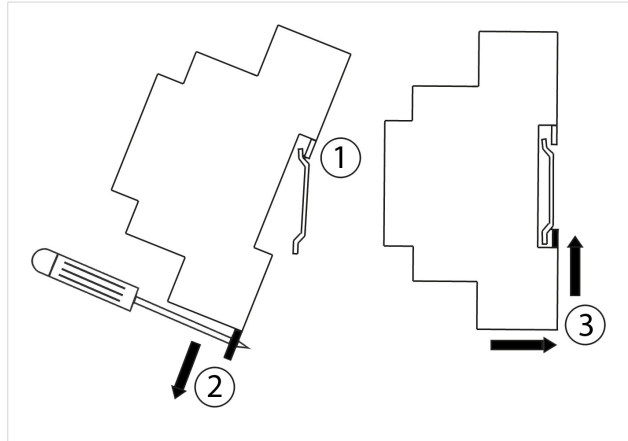
Keep the clips in their original position.

1. Fit the gateway's top-side clips in the upper edge of the DIN rail.
2. Press the low side of the gateway gently to lock it in the DIN rail.
3. Make sure the gateway is firmly fixed.



NOTE

For some DIN rails, to complete step 2, you may need a small screwdriver or similar to pull the bottom clip down.



6.2. Connection



CAUTION

Disconnect all systems from power before manipulating and connecting them to the gateway.

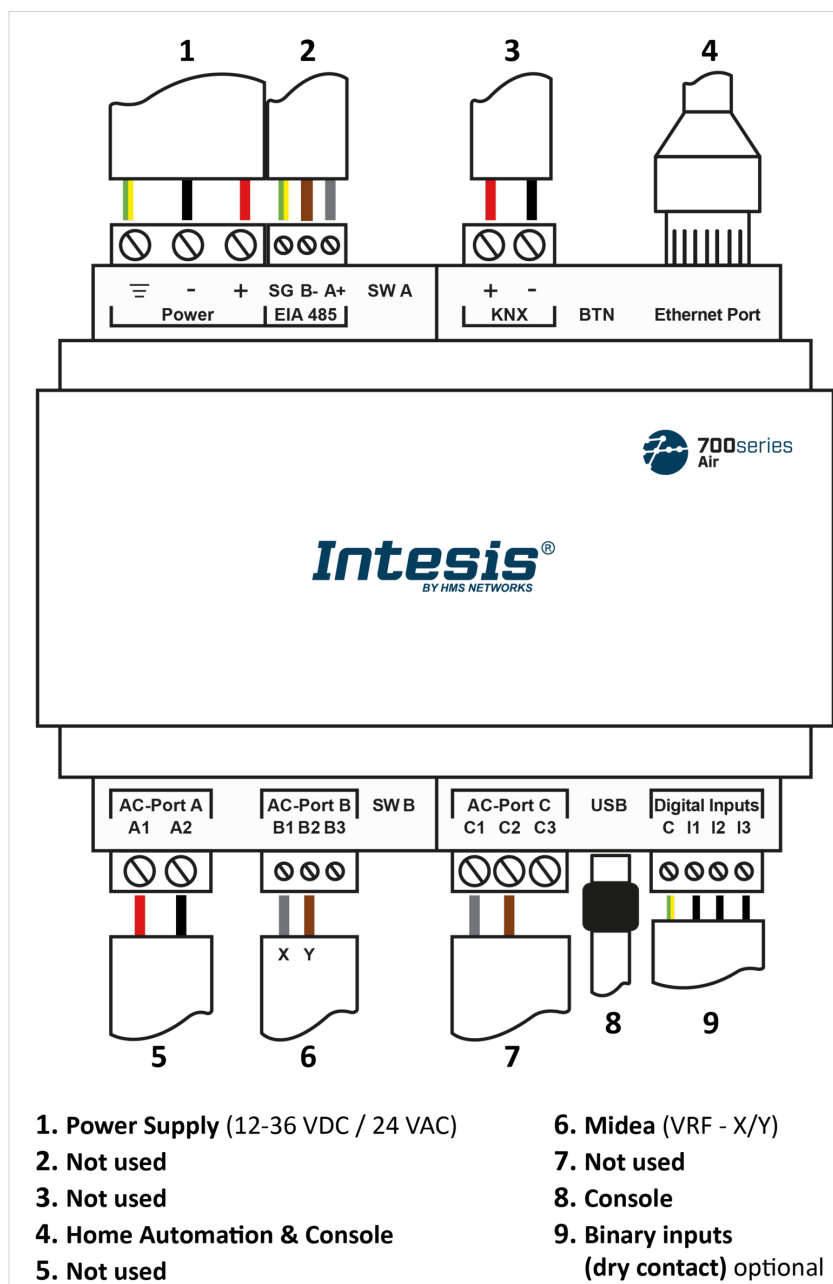


IMPORTANT

Keep communication cables away from power and ground wires.

6.2.1. Gateway Connectors

Figure 5. Wiring diagram



WIRING THE CONNECTORS



IMPORTANT

For all connectors, use solid or stranded wires (twisted or with ferrule).

Cross-section/gauge per terminal:

- One core: 0.2 .. 2.5 mm² / 24 .. 11 AWG
- Two cores: 0.2 .. 1.5 mm² / 24 .. 15 AWG
- Three cores: Not permitted



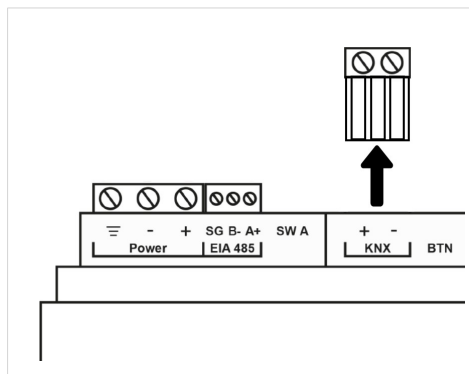
NOTE

To know more about each port's specifications, see [Technical Specifications \(page 21\)](#).



TIP

- Mount the gateway in the desired place before wiring it.
- Terminal block connectors can be unplugged to facilitate the wiring process.



COMMUNICATION PORTS

PORT	USAGE	WIRING			
EIA-485	BACnet MS/TP and Modbus RTU	SG: Signal ground	B-	A+	
KNX	KNX bus	+		-	
Ethernet	As an IP/TCP port: BACnet/IP, Modbus TCP, and Home Automation As a console port: Connection to a PC for configuration purposes	Ethernet cable (CAT5 or higher) When using the building LAN, contact the network administrator and make sure traffic is allowed. When starting up the gateway for the first time, DHCP will be enabled for 30 seconds. After that time, the default IP 192.168.100.246 will be set.			
AC-Port A	Not used				
AC-Port B Observe polarity	Midea bus	B1: X	B2: Y	B3: Not used	
AC Port-C	Not used				
USB	Connection to a PC for configuration purposes	USB Type-C			
Digital Inputs	Dry contact for metering devices	C: Common	I1: Input 1	I2: Input 2	I3: Input 3

6.2.2. Connection to the Power Supply

The power supply connector is a green pluggable terminal block (three poles) labeled as **Power**.

Apply the voltage within the admitted range and of enough power:

- **For DC:** 12 .. 36 VDC ($\pm 10\%$), Max: 250 mA
- **For AC:** 24 VAC ($\pm 10\%$), 50-60 Hz, Max: 127 mA



NOTE

Recommended voltage: 24 VDC, Max: 127 mA



IMPORTANT

Use a circuit breaker between the gateway and the power supply. Rating: 250 V, 6 A.



IMPORTANT

- **When using a DC power supply:** Respect the polarity labeled on the power connector for the positive and negative wires.
- **When using an AC power supply:** Ensure the same power supply is not powering any other device.



IMPORTANT

- Use SELV-rated NEC class 2 or limited power source (LPS) power supply.
- Respect the polarity.
- Connect the gateway's ground terminal  to the installation grounding.



IMPORTANT

To avoid earth loops that can damage the gateway and/or any other equipment connected to it, we strongly recommend:

- The use of DC power supplies, floating or with the negative terminal connected to earth.
- The use of AC power supplies only if they are floating and not powering any other device.



CAUTION

Never use a DC power supply with a positive terminal connected to earth.

6.2.3. Connection to the AC Unit

Connect the Midea air conditioning bus (XYE) to the gateway using the **B1** and **B2** poles of the **AC-Port B**.



FOR INSTALLATIONS HAVING A CENTRAL CONTROLLER

To integrate this Intesis gateway into a Midea installation with a central controller, you must add an XYE Extension Kit (not included).

Please consider that the Intesis gateway acts as a central controller, and the XYE bus only supports one central controller.

To know more, contact your HVAC supplier.

**IMPORTANT**

Observe polarity:

- **B1:** X
- **B2:** Y
- **B3:** *Not used*

**NOTE**

See the [Wiring diagram \(page 11\)](#).

6.2.4. Connection to Modbus

FOR MODBUS TCP

Connect the Modbus TCP Ethernet cable to the gateway's **Ethernet Port**. The correct cable to use depends on where the gateway is connected:

- **Connecting directly to a Modbus TCP device:** use a crossover Ethernet UTP/FTP CAT5 or higher cable.
- **Connecting to a hub or switch of the LAN of the building:** use a straight Ethernet UTP/FTP CAT5 or higher cable.

**NOTE**

When commissioning the gateway for the first time, DHCP will be enabled for 30 seconds. During that time, if there is a DHCP server, an IP address will be automatically assigned to the gateway. After that time, the default IP address 192.168.100.246 will be automatically set.

**IMPORTANT**

If communicating through the LAN of the building, contact the network administrator and make sure traffic on the used port is allowed through all LAN paths.

FOR MODBUS RTU

Connect the Modbus RTU communication cable to the gateway's **EIA-485** port.

The connector for the EIA-485 bus is a green pluggable terminal block labeled **SG** (signal ground), **B-**, and **A+**.

**IMPORTANT**

Observe polarity.

**IMPORTANT**

Observe the standard restrictions of the EIA-485 bus:

- Maximum distance of 1200 meters (0.75 miles).
- Maximum of 32 devices connected to the bus.
- A 120 ohms (Ω) termination resistor is needed at each end of the bus. The gateway has an internal bus biasing circuit incorporating the termination resistor. It can be enabled using the DIP switch block (**SW A**) dedicated to the **EIA-485** port:

Position 1

- ON: 120 Ω termination active.
- OFF: 120 Ω termination inactive.

Positions 2 and 3

- ON: Polarization active.
- OFF: Polarization inactive.

For further details, see [DIP Switches \(page 20\)](#).

To know more, refer to the document [Polarity Issues in RS485 Networks](#).

**IMPORTANT**

When installing the gateway at the end of the bus with the termination resistor enabled, do not install an additional termination resistor at that end.

**NOTE**

See the [Wiring diagram \(page 11\)](#).

6.2.5. Connection to KNX

Connect the KNX TP communication cable to the gateway's **KNX port**.

**IMPORTANT**

Observe polarity.

**NOTE**

See the [Wiring diagram \(page 11\)](#).

6.2.6. Connection to BACnet

FOR BACNET/IP

Connect the BACnet/IP Ethernet cable to the gateway's **Ethernet Port**. The correct cable to use depends on where the gateway is connected:

- **Connecting directly to a BACnet/IP device:** use a crossover Ethernet UTP/FTP CAT5 or higher cable.
- **Connecting to a hub or switch of the LAN of the building:** use a straight Ethernet UTP/FTP CAT5 or higher cable.

**NOTE**

When commissioning the gateway for the first time, DHCP will be enabled for 30 seconds. During that time, if there is a DHCP server, an IP address will be automatically assigned to the gateway. After that time, the default IP address 192.168.100.246 will be automatically set.

**IMPORTANT**

If communicating through the LAN of the building, contact the network administrator and make sure traffic on the used port is allowed through all LAN paths.

FOR BACNET MS/TP

Connect the BACnet MS/TP communication cable to the gateway's **EIA-485** port.

The connector for the EIA-485 bus is a green pluggable terminal block labeled **SG** (signal ground), **B-**, and **A+**.

**IMPORTANT**

Observe polarity.

**IMPORTANT**

Observe the standard restrictions of the EIA-485 bus:

- Maximum distance of 1200 meters (0.75 miles).
- Maximum of 32 devices connected to the bus.
- A 120 ohms (Ω) termination resistor is needed at each end of the bus. The gateway has an internal bus biasing circuit incorporating the termination resistor. It can be enabled using the DIP switch block (**SW A**) dedicated to the **EIA-485** port:

Position 1

- ON: 120 Ω termination active.
- OFF: 120 Ω termination inactive.

Positions 2 and 3

- ON: Polarization active.
- OFF: Polarization inactive.

For further details, see [DIP Switches \(page 20\)](#).

To know more, refer to the document [Polarity Issues in RS485 Networks](#).

**IMPORTANT**

When installing the gateway at the end of the bus with the termination resistor enabled, do not install an additional termination resistor at that end.

**NOTE**

See the [Wiring diagram \(page 11\)](#).

6.2.7. Connection to Home Automation

Connect the Home Automation Ethernet cable to the gateway's **Ethernet Port**. The correct cable to use depends on where the gateway is connected:

- **Connecting directly to a Home Automation device:** use a crossover Ethernet UTP/FTP CAT5 or higher cable.
- **Connecting to a hub/switch of the LAN of the building:** use a straight Ethernet UTP/FTP CAT5 or higher cable.

**NOTE**

When commissioning the gateway for the first time, DHCP will be enabled for 30 seconds. During that time, if there is a DHCP server, an IP address will be automatically assigned to the gateway. After that time, the default IP address 192.168.100.246 will be automatically set.

**IMPORTANT**

If communicating through the LAN of the building, contact the network administrator and make sure traffic on the used port is allowed through all LAN paths.

**NOTE**

See the [Wiring diagram \(page 11\)](#).

6.2.8. Connection to a PC for Configuration

Use a USB Type-C cable (not supplied) to connect the gateway through its **USB** port to a PC to configure it with Intesis MAPS.

**NOTE**

You can use the **Ethernet Port** to connect the gateway and the PC instead.

**NOTE**

To know more about the gateway configuration, consult the [Intesis MAPS guide for Midea](#).

**NOTE**

See the [Wiring diagram \(page 11\)](#).

6.2.9. Connection to Energy Meters (Digital Inputs)

The **Digital Inputs** connector is a green pluggable terminal block (four poles) placed at the bottom right side of the gateway.

**IMPORTANT**

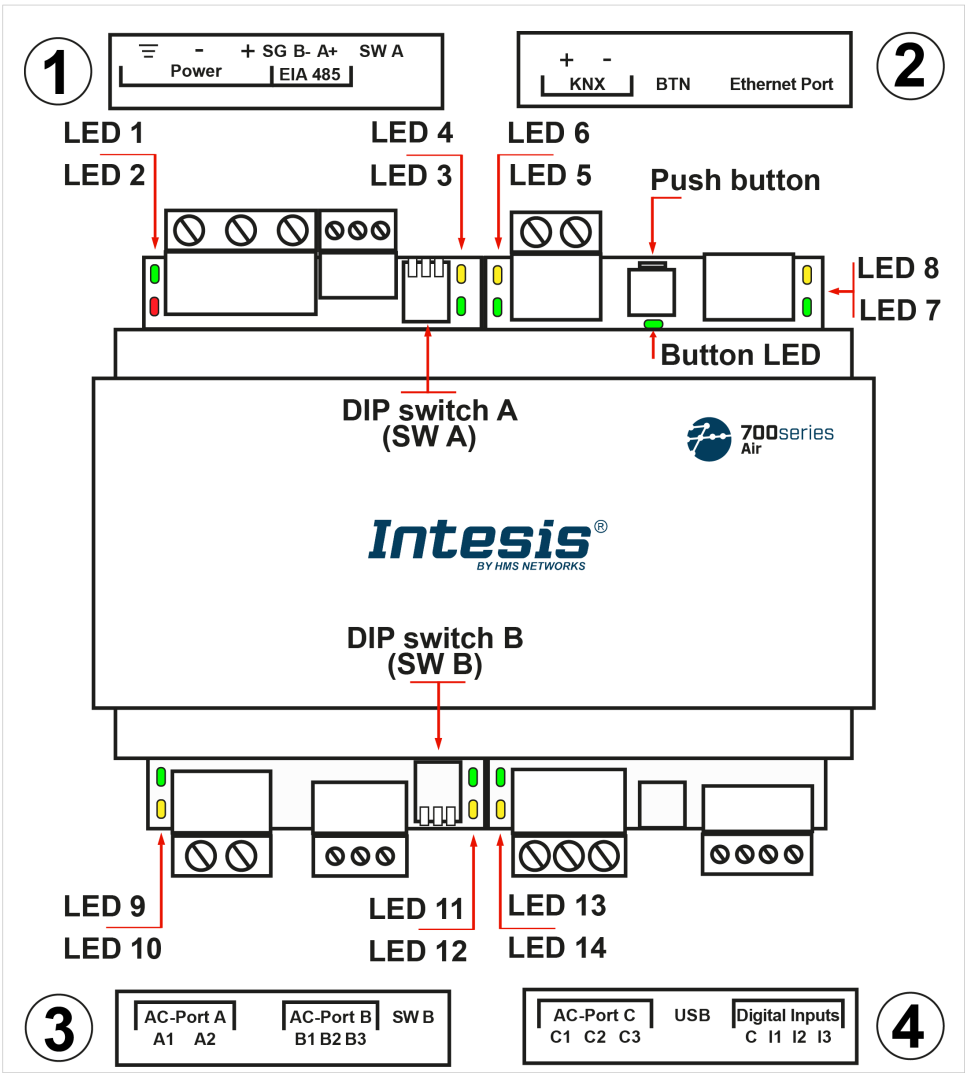
The **Digital Inputs** connector is a potential-free contact for energy metering only. It does not support any other kind of third-party elements.

**NOTE**

See the [Wiring diagram \(page 11\)](#).

6.3. Gateway Layout

Figure 6. Disposition of hardware elements in the gateway



Plastic covers numbered in the image as ①, ②, ③, and ④ can be easily disassembled.



NOTE

LEDs and DIP switches are hidden behind the removable plastic covers and can only be accessed by disassembling the covers.

The following sections explain each element in more detail: LEDs, DIP switches, and the push button.

6.4. LED Indicators

Table 1. LEDs location and behavior

Cover	LED	Color	Description
Top side			
Under frontal cover ①	LED 1 (PWR)	Green	Power on (not programmable)
	LED 2 (ERR)	Red	Blinking: Hardware error
	LED 3	Green	485 Tx (RS485 for BACnet or Modbus)
	LED 4	Yellow	485 Rx (RS485 for BACnet or Modbus)
Under frontal cover ②	LED 5	Green	KNX Port Tx
	LED 6	Yellow	KNX Port Rx
	BUTTON LED	Green	KNX: Programming mode on BACnet: BACnet link established Modbus and Home Automation: Not used
	LED 7	Green	Ethernet link established
	LED 8	Yellow	Ethernet speed
Bottom side			
Under frontal cover ③	LED 9	Green	AC-Port A Tx (HBS)
	LED 10	Yellow	AC-Port A Rx (HBS)
	LED 11	Green	AC-Port B Tx (RS485)
	LED 12	Yellow	AC-Port B Rx (RS485)
Under frontal cover ④	LED 13	Green	AC-Port C Tx (UFO-SLQ)
	LED 14	Yellow	AC-Port C Rx (UFO-SLQ)



NOTE

LEDs are hidden behind the four frontal labeled covers (see the figure [Disposition of hardware elements in the gateway \(page 18\)](#)). These covers are assembled by pressure, so you just need to pull to remove them.

6.5. DIP Switches

The gateway has two DIP switches (see the figure [Disposition of hardware elements in the gateway \(page 18\)](#)):

- DIP switch A (SW A)
- DIP switch B (SW B)

Each DIP switch is dedicated to a 485 port, and its function is to activate or deactivate the termination resistor (position 1) and the polarization (positions 2 and 3) of each port.

Position			Description
1	2	3	
OFF	X	X	120 Ω termination inactive
ON	X	X	120 Ω Termination active
X	OFF	OFF	Polarization inactive
X	ON	ON	Polarization active



NOTE

Default positions are:

- DIP switch A (SW A): **OFF, OFF, OFF** (120 Ω termination and polarization inactive)
- DIP switch B (SW B): **OFF, OFF, OFF** (120 Ω termination and polarization inactive)



IMPORTANT

Observe the **ON** indicator on the DIP switch as a reference.

6.6. Push Button

Find the push button at the top side, between the KNX and the Ethernet connectors (see the figure [Disposition of hardware elements in the gateway \(page 18\)](#)).



NOTE

The button is hidden and only accessible using a thin object like a paper clip.

Common functionality:

RESET FACTORY SETTINGS

1. Push the button.
2. Power on the gateway.
3. Wait four seconds.
4. Release the button.

Functionalities depending on the current project:

- **BACnet**: Push the button to send an I-Am message to all BACnet ports.
- **KNX**: Push the button to switch between normal mode and programming mode.

6.7. Technical Specifications

Housing	Plastic, type PC (UL 94 V-0). Color: Light Grey. RAL 7035 Net dimensions (HxWxD): Millimeters: 90 x 106 x 58 mm / Inches: 3.5 x 4.2 x 2.3"	
Mounting	Wall: Use M3 25 mm (1") length screws. Secure mounting: below 2 meters (6 feet) DIN rail (recommended mounting) EN60715 TH35	
Wires (for power supply and low-voltage signals)	Wire cross-section/gauge per terminal: One core: 0.2 .. 2.5 mm ² (24 .. 14 AWG) Two cores: 0.2 to 1.5 mm ² (24 .. 16 AWG) Three cores: Not permitted Use solid or stranded wires (twisted or with ferrule). For distances longer than 3.05 meters (10 feet), use class 2 cables	
Power	1 x Green pluggable terminal block (3 poles) 12 to 36 VDC +/-10%, Max.: 250 mA 24 VAC +/-10% 50-60 Hz, Max.: 127 mA Recommended: 24 VDC, Max.: 127 mA	
Ethernet	1 x Ethernet 10/100 Mbps RJ45	
Port EIA 485	1 x Green pluggable terminal block (3 poles) SGND (Reference ground or shield)	
Port KNX	1 x Orange pluggable terminal block (2 poles): A, B	
AC Ports	AC-Port A (serial, 2 poles): Not used AC-Port B (serial, 3 poles): AC bus connection (XY) AC-Port C: (serial, 3 poles): Not used	
LEDs	2 x Run (Power/Error) 2 x Port EIA-485 TX/RX 2 x Port KNX TX/TR 1 x Button indicator	2 x Ethernet Link/Speed 2 x AC-Port A TX/RX 2 x AC-Port B TX/RX 2 x AC-Port C TX/RX
Binary inputs	1 x Green pluggable terminal block (4 poles) I1, I2, I3, and Common	
Console port	USB Type-C compliant	
DIP switches	SW A Position 1: On: 120 Ω termination active Off: 120 Ω termination inactive (default) Position 2 and 3: On: Polarization active Off: Polarization inactive (default)	SW B Position 1: On: 120 Ω termination active Off: 120 Ω termination inactive (default) Position 2 and 3: On: Polarization active Off: Polarization inactive (default)
Push button	1 x Push button Factory reset I-Am message (for BACnet only) Normal mode/programming mode switch (for KNX only)	
Operational temperature	Celsius: 0 .. 60°C Fahrenheit: 32 .. 140°F	
Operational humidity	5 to 95%. No condensation	
Isolation between comm. ports	1000 VDC	
Protection	IP20 (IEC60529)	

6.8. Dimensions

NET DIMENSIONS (HxWxD)

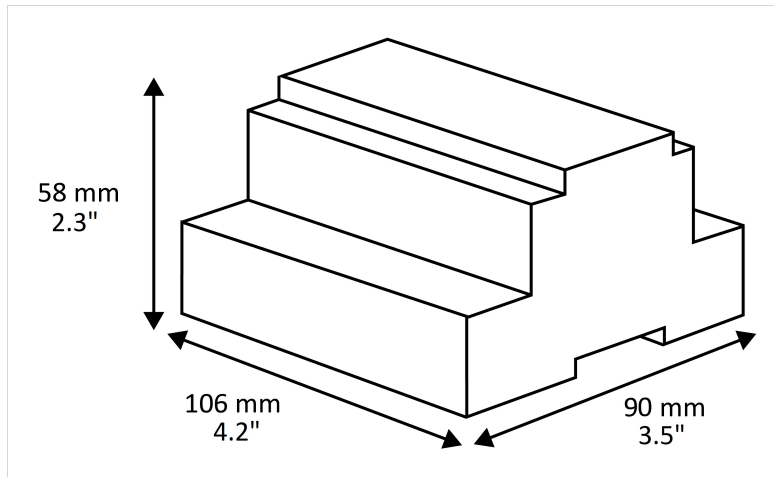
Millimeters: 90 x 106 x 58 mm

Inches: 3.5 x 4.2 x 2.3"



IMPORTANT

Leave enough clear space to wire the gateway easily and for the subsequent manipulation of elements.



7. Available Protocol Combinations

7.1. Integration into Modbus Systems

7.1.1. Modbus Registers



NOTICE

This part is common for Modbus RTU and TCP.

Functions to read Modbus registers:

- 03 Read Holding Registers.
- 04 Read Input Registers.

Function to write Modbus registers:

- 06 Single Holding Registers.

Modbus register contents are expressed in most significant bit (MSB) .. less significant bit (LSB).

The following tables list all available Modbus registers for the gateway.



NOTICE

Read/write parameter terminology:

- **R**: Read-only register.
- **W**: Write-only register.
- **RW**: Read and write register.

Table 2. Global signals

Register name	Possible values	Modbus address	R/W
On (all units)	1: Set the units On	0	Trigger
Off (all units)	1: Set the units Off	1	Trigger
Operation Mode Auto (all units)	1: Set Auto Mode	2	Trigger
Operation Mode Heat (all units)	1: Set Heat Mode	3	Trigger
Operation Mode Dry (all units)	1: Set Dry Mode	4	Trigger
Operation Mode Fan (all units)	1: Set Fan Mode	5	Trigger
Operation Mode Cool (all units)	1: Set Cool Mode	6	Trigger
Fan Speed Auto (all units)	1: Set Fan Speed Auto	7	Trigger
Fan Speed Low (all units)	1: Set Fan Speed Low	8	Trigger
Fan Speed Mid (all units)	1: Set Fan Speed Mid	9	Trigger
Fan Speed High (all units)	1: Set Fan Speed High	10	Trigger
Swing On (all units)	1: Set Swing On	11	Trigger
Swing Off (all units)	1: Set Swing Off	12	Trigger
Temperature Setpoint (x10) (all units)	Celsius: 17 .. 30°C Fahrenheit: 62 .. 88°F	13	Trigger
Operating mode force On (all Units)	1: Force Operating mode	14	Trigger

Register name	Possible values	Modbus address	R/W
Operating mode force Off (all Units)	1: Unforce Operating mode	15	Trigger
Remote control lock On (all units)	1: Lock remote control	16	Trigger
Remote control lock Off (all units)	1: Unlock remote control	17	Trigger
Fan Speed (all units)	0: Auto 1: Speed 1 2: Speed 2 3: Speed 3 4: Speed 4 5: Speed 5 6: Speed 6 7: Speed 7	18	Trigger
Vane Position Left/Right (all units)	0: Stop 1: Step 1 2: Step 2 3: Step 3 4: Step 4 5: Step 5 6: Swing	19	Trigger
Vane Position Up/Down (all units)	0: Stop 1: Step 1 2: Step 2 3: Step 3 4: Step 4 5: Step 5 6: Swing	20	Trigger

Table 3. Outdoor Units Signals

Register name	Possible values	Modbus address formula	R/W
Error code	0: No error 1 .. 260: Error	(OU address[1..N] × 10000) + 0	R
Communication Error OU	0: No error 1: Error	(OU address[1..N] × 10000) + 1	R

Table 4. Individual units signals

Register name	Possible values	Modbus address formula	R/W
On/Off	0: Off 1: On	(IU address[1..N] × 100) + 0	R, W
Operation Mode	0: Heat 1: Cool 2: Fan 3: Dry 4: Auto 5: AutoHeat 6: AutoCool 7: AutoDry 8: AutoFan ¹	(IU address[1..N] × 100) + 1	R, W
Temperature Setpoint (x10)	Celsius: 17 .. 30°C Fahrenheit: 62 .. 88°F	(IU address[1..N] × 100) + 2	R, W

Register name	Possible values	Modbus address formula	R/W
Fan Speed	0: Auto 1: Low 2: Med 3: High	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 3$	R, W
Fan Speed Extended	0: Auto 1: Speed 1 2: Speed 2 3: Speed 3 4: Speed 4 5: Speed 5 6: Speed 6 7: Speed 7	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 3$	R, W
Vane Position Swing	0: Swing Off 1: Swing On	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 4$	R, W
Vane Position Left/Right	0: Stop 1: Step 1 2: Step 2 3: Step 3 4: Step 4 5: Step 5 6: Swing	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 28$	R, W
Vane Position Up/Down	0: Stop 1: Step 1 2: Step 2 3: Step 3 4: Step 4 5: Step 5 6: Swing	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 29$	R, W
Room Temperature (x10)	Celsius: -20 .. 100°C Fahrenheit: -4 .. 212°F	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 5$	R
Unit Error Code	0: No error 1 .. 255: Error	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 6$	R
Unit Error Code Extended	0: No error 1 .. 260: Error	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 6$	R
Communication Error IU	0: No error 1: Error	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 7$	R
Remote Control lock	0: Unlock 1: Lock	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 8$	R, W
Force Operating mode	0: No force 1: Force	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 9$	R, W
Control lock_On	0: Unlock 1: Lock	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 30$	R, W
Control lock_Off	0: Unlock 1: Lock	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 31$	R, W
Control lock_Mode Heat	0: Unlock 1: Lock	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 32$	R, W
Control lock_Mode Cool	0: Unlock 1: Lock	$(IU \text{ address}[1..N] \times 100) + 33$	R, W

Register name	Possible values	Modbus address formula	R/W
Control lock_Mode Fan	0: Unlock 1: Lock	(IU address[1..N] × 100) + 34	R, W
Control lock_Mode Dry	0: Unlock 1: Lock	(IU address[1..N] × 100) + 35	R, W
Consumption Yesterday	Wh/KWh	(IU address[1..N] × 100) + 10	R
Consumption Today	Wh/KWh	(IU address[1..N] × 100) + 12	R
Consumption Total	Wh/KWh	(IU address[1..N] × 100) + 14	R
Consumption Yesterday Heat	Wh/KWh	(IU address[1..N] × 100) + 16	R
Consumption Today Heat	Wh/KWh	(IU address[1..N] × 100) + 18	R
Consumption Total Heat	Wh/KWh	(IU address[1..N] × 100) + 20	R
Consumption Yesterday Cool	Wh/KWh	(IU address[1..N] × 100) + 22	R
Consumption Today Cool	Wh/KWh	(IU address[1..N] × 100) + 24	R
Consumption Total Cool	Wh/KWh	(IU address[1..N] × 100) + 26	R

¹Operation Modes 5 to 8 are read-only.



NOTE

[1..N] refers to the Unit index in Intesis MAPS, as shown in the **Unit** column on the Signals Tab.



NOTE

Some of these registers are only available for specific AC unit models. Outdoor unit registers, for example, are only available if the indoor unit is a Midea V8.

7.2. Integration into KNX Systems

7.2.1. KNX Signals

The following tables list all available KNX signals for this gateway.



NOTE

Physical Address: The gateway supports (P/S) and (P/I/S) format levels.



NOTICE

Communication object flags:

- **Ri (Read on initialization):** The gateway requests this signal's updated data after an initialization instead of waiting for a change in the signal.
- **R:** The KNX system can read this signal.
- **W:** The KNX system can write this signal.
- **T:** The KNX system receives a telegram when this signal changes its value.
- **U:** This signal's data is updated after a reboot of either the gateway or the bus.

Table 5. Global signals

Object name	Possible values	DPT	Flags
Status_Gateway Communication Status	0: No error 1: Failure	1.005-DPT_Alarm (1bit)	R, T
Control_On/Off (all units)	0: Off, 1: On	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W
Control_Operating Mode (all units)	0: Auto 1: Heat 3: Cool 9: Fan 14: Dry	20.105-DPT_HVACContrMode (1byte)	W
Control_Operating Mode (all units)	0: Auto 1: Heat 2: Dry 3: Fan 4: Cool	5.x (1byte)	W
Control_Operating Mode (all units)	0: Cool 1: Heat 2: Fan 3: Dry 4: Auto	5.x (1byte)	W
Control_Fan Speed (all units)	0: Low 1: Mid 2: High	5.x (1byte)	W

Object name	Possible values	DPT	Flags
Control_Fan Speed Extended (all units)	0: Auto 1: Speed 1 2: Speed 2 3: Speed 3 4: Speed 4 5: Speed 5 6: Speed 6 7: Speed 7	5.x (1byte)	W
Control_Fan Speed AUTO (all units)	1: Set auto fan 0: Stop auto fan	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W
Control_Setpoint (all the units)	Celsius: 17 .. 30°C Fahrenheit: 62 .. 86°F	9.001/9.027-DPT_Value_Temp (2byte)	W
Control_Operating Mode force (all the units)	0: No force 1: Force	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	W
Control_Remote Lock/Unlock (all the units)	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	W
Control_Vane Position LEFT/RIGHT (all units)	0: Stop 1: Step 1 2: Step 2 3: Step 3 4: Step 4 5: Step 5 6: Swing	5.x (1byte)	W
Control_Vane Position UP/DOWN (all units)	0: Stop 1: Step 1 2: Step 2 3: Step 3 4: Step 4 5: Step 5 6: Swing	5.x (1byte)	W

Table 6. Outdoor Unit signals

Object name	Possible values	DPT	Flags
Status_Error code	0: No error 1 .. 260: Error	8.x (2 byte)	R, T
Status_Communication Error OU	0: No error 1: Error	1.005-DPT_Alarm (1bit)	R, T

Table 7. Individual unit signals

Object name	Possible values	DPT	Flags
Status_CommError	0: No error 1: Error	1.005-DPT_Alarm (1bit)	R, T
Control_On/Off	0: Off 1: On	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_On/Off	0: Off 1: On	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T

Object name	Possible values	DPT	Flags
Control_Operation mode	0: Auto 1: Heat 3: Cool 9: Fan 14: Dry	20.105-DPT_HVACContrMode (1byte)	W, U
Status_Operation mode	0: Auto 1: Heat 3: Cool 9: Fan 14: Dry	20.105-DPT_HVACContrMode (1byte)	R, T
Control_Operation mode	0: Auto 1: Heat 2: Dry 3: Fan 4: Cool	5.x (1byte)	W, U
Status_Operation mode	0: Auto 1: Heat 2: Dry 3: Fan 4: Cool 5: AutoCool 6: AutoHeat 7: AutoDry 8: AutoFan	5.x (1byte)	R, T
Control_Operation mode	0: Cool 1: Heat 2: Fan 3: Dry 4: Auto	5.x (1byte)	W, U
Status_Operation mode	0: Cool 1: Heat 2: Fan 3: Dry 4: Auto	5.x (1byte)	R, T
Control_Mode Cool/Heat	0: Cool 1: Heat	1.100-DPT_Heat/Cool (1bit)	W, U
Status_Mode Cool/Heat	0: Cool 1: Heat	1.100-DPT_Heat/Cool (1bit)	R, T
Control_Auto mode	1: Set auto mode	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Auto mode	1: Auto mode active 0: Auto mode not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_Heat mode	1: Set heat mode	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Heat mode	1: Heat mode active 0: Heat mode not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_Cool mode	1: Set cool mode	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Cool mode	1: Cool mode active 0: Cool mode not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_Fan mode	1: Set fan mode	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U

Object name	Possible values	DPT	Flags
Status_Fan mode	1: Fan mode active 0: Fan mode not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_Dry mode	1: Set dry mode	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Dry mode	1: Dry mode active 0: Dry mode not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Status_AutoHeat	1: AutoHeat mode active 0: AutoHeat mode not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Status_AutoCool	1: AutoCool mode active 0: AutoCool mode not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Status_AutoDry	1: AutoDry mode active 0: AutoDry mode not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Status_AutoFan	1: AutoFan mode active 0: AutoFan mode not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_Temperature setpoint	Celsius: 17 .. 30°C Fahrenheit: 62 .. 86°F	9.001/9.027-DPT_Value_Temp (2byte)	W, U
Status_Temperature setpoint	Celsius: 17 .. 30°C Fahrenheit: 62 .. 86°F	9.001/9.027-DPT_Value_Temp (2byte)	R, T
Control_Fan speed enumerated	0: Low 1: Medium 2: High	5.x (1byte)	W, U
Status_Fan speed enumerated	0: Low 1: Medium 2: High	5.x (1byte)	R, T
Control_Fan speed extended enumerated	0: Auto 1: Speed 1 2: Speed 2 3: Speed 3 4: Speed 4 5: Speed 5 6: Speed 6 7: Speed 7	5.x (1byte)	W, U
Status_Fan speed extended enumerated	0: Auto 1: Speed 1 2: Speed 2 3: Speed 3 4: Speed 4 5: Speed 5 6: Speed 6 7: Speed 7	5.x (1byte)	R, T
Control_Fan speed scaling	Thresholds: 0 .. 49% 50 .. 82 % 83 .. 100 %	5.001-DPT_Scaling (1byte)	W, U

Object name	Possible values	DPT	Flags
Control_Fan speed scaling (Midea V8)	Thresholds: 0 .. 15% 16 .. 30% 31 .. 45% 46 .. 60% 61 .. 75% 76 .. 90% 91 .. 100%	5.001-DPT_Scaling (1byte)	W, U
Status_Fan speed scaling	Thresholds: 33% 66% 100%	5.001-DPT_Scaling (1byte)	R, T
Status_Fan speed scaling (Midea V8)	Thresholds: 14% 28% 42% 56% 70% 84% 100%	5.001-DPT_Scaling (1byte)	R, T
Control_Fan speed low	1: Set fan speed low	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Fan speed low	1: Speed low active 0: Speed low not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_Fan speed medium	1: Set fan speed medium	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Fan speed medium	1: Speed medium active 0: Speed medium not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_Fan speed high	1: Set fan speed high	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Fan speed high	1: Speed high active 0: Speed high not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_Fan speed Man/Auto	0: Manual 1: Auto	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Fan speed Man/Auto	0: Manual 1: Auto	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_Fan speed 1	1: Set fan speed 1	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Fan speed 1	1: Speed 1 active 0: Speed 1 not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_Fan speed 2	1: Set fan speed 2	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Fan speed 2	1: Speed 2 active 0: Speed 2 not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_Fan speed 3	1: Set fan speed 3	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Fan speed 3	1: Speed 3 active 0: Speed 3 not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_Fan speed 4	1: Set fan speed 4	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Fan speed 4	1: Speed 4 active 0: Speed 4 not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_Fan speed 5	1: Set fan speed 5	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Fan speed 5	1: Speed 5 active 0: Speed 5 not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T

Object name	Possible values	DPT	Flags
Control_Fan speed 6	1: Set fan speed 6	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Fan speed 6	1: Speed 6 active 0: Speed 6 not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_Fan speed 7	1: Set fan speed 7	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_Fan speed 7	1: Speed 7 active 0: Speed 7 not active	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_VanesUD position swing	0: Swing off 1: Swing on	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	W, U
Status_VanesUD position swing	0: Swing off 1: Swing on	1.001-DPT_Switch (1bit)	R, T
Control_VanesUD position LEFT/RIGHT	0: Stop 1: Step 1 2: Step 2 3: Step 3 4: Step 4 5: Step 5 6: Swing	5.x (1byte)	W, U
Status_VanesUD position LEFT/RIGHT	0: Stop 1: Step 1 2: Step 2 3: Step 3 4: Step 4 5: Step 5 6: Swing	5.x (1byte)	R, T
Control_VanesUD position UP/DOWN	0: Stop 1: Step 1 2: Step 2 3: Step 3 4: Step 4 5: Step 5 6: Swing	5.x (1byte)	W, U
Status_VanesUD position UP/DOWN	0: Stop 1: Step 1 2: Step 2 3: Step 3 4: Step 4 5: Step 5 6: Swing	5.x (1byte)	R, T
Status_AC ambient temperature	Celsius: 0 .. 30°C Fahrenheit: 32 .. 86°F	9.001/9.027-DPT_Value_Temp (2byte)	R, T
Control_KNX ambient temperature	°C / °F	9.001/9.027-DPT_Value_Temp (2byte)	W, U
Status_Unit error code	0: No error 1 .. 255: Error	8.x (2 byte)	R, T
Status_Unit error code extended	0: No error 1 .. 260: Error	8.x (2 byte)	R, T
Control_Remote control lock	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	W, U

Object name	Possible values	DPT	Flags
Status_Remote control lock	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	R, T
Control_lock_on	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	W, U
Status_lock_on	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	R, T
Control_lock_off	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	W, U
Status_lock_off	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	R, T
Control_lock_Mode Heat	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	W, U
Status_lock_Mode Heat	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	R, T
Control_lock_Mode Cool	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	W, U
Status_lock_Mode Cool	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	R, T
Control_lock_Mode Fan	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	W, U
Status_lock_Mode Fan	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	R, T
Control_lock_Mode Dry	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	W, U
Status_lock_Mode Dry	0: Unlock 1: Lock	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	R, T
Control_Force operating mode	0: No force 1: Force	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	W, U
Status_Force operating mode	0: No force 1: Force	1.002 DPT_Bool (1bit)	R, T
Status_Consumption Yesterday	Wh/kWh	13.010 active energy (Wh) (4byte)	R, T
Status_Consumption Today	Wh/kWh	13.010 active energy (Wh) (4byte)	R, T
Status_Consumption Total	Wh/kWh	13.010 active energy (Wh) (4byte)	R, T
Status_Consumption Yesterday Heat	Wh/kWh	13.010 active energy (Wh) (4byte)	R, T
Status_Consumption Today Heat	Wh/kWh	13.010 active energy (Wh) (4byte)	R, T
Status_Consumption Total Heat	Wh/kWh	13.010 active energy (Wh) (4byte)	R, T
Status_Consumption Yesterday Cool	Wh/kWh	13.010 active energy (Wh) (4byte)	R, T
Status_Consumption Today Cool	Wh/kWh	13.010 active energy (Wh) (4byte)	R, T
Status_Consumption Total Cool	Wh/kWh	13.010 active energy (Wh) (4byte)	R, T

**NOTE**

The default unit for the consumption signals is Wh, but you can set it in kWh instead. If so, the DPT ID changes from 13.010 to 13.013.

**NOTE**

Some of these Datapoint Types are only available for specific AC unit models.

7.3. Integration into BACnet Systems



NOTICE

You can consult the Protocol Implementation Conformance Statement (PICS) document [here](#).

7.3.1. BACnet Objects



NOTICE

This part is common for BACnet MS/TP and BACnet/IP.

Input object types:

- Binary input

Output object types:

- Binary output
- Multistate output
- Analog output

The following tables list all available BACnet objects for this gateway.

Table 8. Global signals

Object name	Possible values	Object type	Object instance
On/Off (all units)	0: Off 1: On	4-Binary Output	0 + 0
Mode (all units)	1: Heat 2: Cool 3: Fan 4: Dry 5: Auto	14-Multistate Output	0 + 0
FanSpeed (all units)	1: Auto 2: Low 3: Med 4: High	14-Multistate Output	0 + 1
FanSpeed extended (all units)	1: Auto 2: Speed 1 3: Speed 2 4: Speed 3 5: Speed 4 6: Speed 5 7: Speed 6 8: Speed 7	14-Multistate Output	0 + 2
Vane Position LEFT/RIGHT (all units)	1: Stop 2: Step 1 3: Step 2 4: Step 3 5: Step 4 6: Step 5 7: Swing	14-Multistate Output	0 + 3

Object name	Possible values	Object type	Object instance
Vane Position UP/DOWN (all units)	1: Stop 2: Step 1 3: Step 2 4: Step 3 5: Step 4 6: Step 5 7: Swing	14-Multistate Output	0 + 4
Vane Position Swing (all units)	0: Swing Off 1: Swing On	4-Binary Output	0 + 1
Temperature Setpoint (all units)	Celsius: 17 .. 30°C Fahrenheit: 62 .. 86°F	1-Analog Output	0 + 0
Operating mode force (all Units)	0: No force 1: Force	4-Binary Output	0 + 2
Remote control lock (all units)	0: Unlock 1: Lock	4-Binary Output	0 + 3

Table 9. Outdoor Units signals

Object name	Possible values	Object type	Object instance
OUIX_Unit Error Code	0: No error 1 .. 260: Error	0-Analog Input	(OU[1..N] × 10000) + 0
OUIX_Communication Error OU	0: No error 1: Error	3-Binary Input	(OU[1..N] × 10000) + 0

Table 10. Individual units signals

Object name	Possible values	Object type	Object instance
UXX_On/Off_S	0: Off 1: On	3-Binary Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 0
UXX_On/Off_C	0: Off 1: On	4-Binary Output	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 0
UXX_Mode_S	1: Heat 2: Cool 3: Fan 4: Dry 5: Auto 6: AutoHeat 7: AutoCool 8: AutoDry 9: AutoFan	13-Multistate Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 0
UXX_Mode_C	1: Heat 2: Cool 3: Fan 4: Dry 5: Auto	14-Multistate Output	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 0
UXX_Setpoint_S	Celsius: 17 .. 30°C Fahrenheit: 62 .. 86°F	0-Analog Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 0
UXX_Setpoint_C	Celsius: 17 .. 30°C Fahrenheit: 62 .. 86°F	1-Analog Output	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 0

Object name	Possible values	Object type	Object instance
UXX_FanSpeed_S	1: Auto 2: Low 3: Med 4: High	13-Multistate Input	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 1$
UXX_FanSpeed_C	1: Auto 2: Low 3: Med 4: High	14-Multistate Output	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 1$
UXX_FanSpeed Extended_S	1: Auto 2: Speed 1 3: Speed 2 4: Speed 3 5: Speed 4 6: Speed 5 7: Speed 6 8: Speed 7	13-Multistate Input	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 2$
UXX_FanSpeed Extended_C	1: Auto 2: Speed 1 3: Speed 2 4: Speed 3 5: Speed 4 6: Speed 5 7: Speed 6 8: Speed 7	14-Multistate Output	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 2$
UXX_Vane position swing_S	0: Swing Off 1: Swing On	3-Binary Input	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 1$
UXX_Vane position swing_C	0: Swing Off 1: Swing On	4-Binary Output	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 1$
UXX_Vane Position Left/Right_S	1: Stop 2: Step 1 3: Step 2 4: Step 3 5: Step 4 6: Step 5 7: Swing	13-Multistate input	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 3$
UXX_Vane Position Left/Right_C	1: Stop 2: Step 1 3: Step 2 4: Step 3 5: Step 4 6: Step 5 7: Swing	14-Multistate Output	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 3$

Object name	Possible values	Object type	Object instance
UXX_Vane Position Up/Down_S	1: Stop 2: Step 1 3: Step 2 4: Step 3 5: Step 4 6: Step 5 7: Swing	13-Multistate Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 4
UXX_Vane Position Up/Down_C	1: Stop 2: Step 1 3: Step 2 4: Step 3 5: Step 4 6: Step 5 7: Swing	14-Multistate Output	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 4
UXX_Room Temperature	Celsius: -20 .. 100°C Fahrenheit: -4 .. 212°F	0-Analog Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 1
UXX_Unit Error Code	0: No error 1 .. 255: Error	0-Analog Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 2
UXX_Unit Error Code Extended	0: No error 1 .. 260: Error	0-Analog Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 12
UXX_Communication Error IU	0: No error 1: Error	3-Binary Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 2
UXX_Remote control lock_S	0: Unlock 1: Lock	3-Binary Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 3
UXX_Remote control lock_C	0: Unlock 1: Lock	4-Binary Output	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 2
UXX_Control lock_On_S	0: Unlock 1: Lock	3-Binary Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 5
UXX_Control lock_On_C	0: Unlock 1: Lock	4-Binary Output	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 4
UXX_Control lock_Off_S	0: Unlock 1: Lock	3-Binary Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 6
UXX_Control lock_Off_C	0: Unlock 1: Lock	4-Binary Output	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 5
UXX_Control lock_Mode Heat_S	0: Unlock 1: Lock	3-Binary Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 7
UXX_Control lock_Mode Heat_C	0: Unlock 1: Lock	4-Binary Output	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 6
UXX_Control lock_Mode Cool_S	0: Unlock 1: Lock	3-Binary Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 8
UXX_Control lock_Mode Cool_C	0: Unlock 1: Lock	4-Binary Output	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 7
UXX_Control lock_Mode Fan_S	0: Unlock 1: Lock	3-Binary Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 9
UXX_Control lock_Mode Fan_C	0: Unlock 1: Lock	4-Binary Output	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 8
UXX_Control lock_Mode Dry_S	0: Unlock 1: Lock	3-Binary Input	(IU[1..N] × 100) + 10

Object name	Possible values	Object type	Object instance
UXX_Control lock_mode Dry_C	0: Unlock 1: Lock	4-Binary Output	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 9$
UXX_Operating mode force_S	0: No force 1: Force	3-Binary Input	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 4$
UXX_Operating mode force_C	0: No force 1: Force	4-Binary Output	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 3$
UXX_Consumption_Yesterday_S	Wh/KWh	0-Analog Input	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 3$
UXX_Consumption_Today_S	Wh/KWh	0-Analog Input	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 4$
UXX_Consumption_Total_S	Wh/KWh	0-Analog Input	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 5$
UXX_Consumption_Yesterday_Heat_S	Wh/KWh	0-Analog Input	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 6$
UXX_Consumption_Today_Heat_S	Wh/KWh	0-Analog Input	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 7$
UXX_Consumption_Total_Heat_S	Wh/KWh	0-Analog Input	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 8$
UXX_Consumption_Yesterday_Cool_S	Wh/KWh	0-Analog Input	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 9$
UXX_Consumption_Today_Cool_S	Wh/KWh	0-Analog Input	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 10$
UXX_Consumption_Total_Cool_S	Wh/KWh	0-Analog Input	$(IU[1..N] \times 100) + 11$

**NOTE**

[1..N] refers to the Unit index in Intesis MAPS, as shown in the **Unit** column on the Signals Tab.

**NOTE**

Some of these objects are only available for specific AC unit models.

7.4. Integration into Home Automation Systems

7.4.1. Home Automation Signals

The following tables list all available Home Automation signals for this gateway.



NOTE

- **SET:** Command used to control the indoor unit. It is sent by the client.
- **CHN:** Command used to get notifications of changes in the status of a specific function of the gateway. It is sent spontaneously by the gateway itself.
- **GET:** Command used to get the status of a specific function. It is sent by the client.

To know more about the Home Automation protocol, see the [WMP protocol specifications manual](#).

Table 11. Indoor units signals

Name	Possible values	acNum ¹	Commands supported
On/Off	ON OFF	See the note below	SET/CHN/GET
Operation Mode	HEAT COOL FAN DRY AUTO		SET/CHN/GET
Fan Speed	1 2 3 4 5 AUTO		SET/CHN/GET
Vane Position	STOP SWING		SET/CHN/GET
Temperature Setpoint (x10)	°C / °F		SET/CHN/GET
AC Ambient Temperature (x10)	Celsius: -35 .. 92.5°C Fahrenheit: -31 .. 198.5°F		CHN/GET
Unit Error code	0: No Error X: Error		CHN/GET
Error IU	OK ERR		CHN/GET



NOTE

¹ This index must be set according to the Unit ID Index.

For outdoor units, the acNum value must be the same as the minimum indoor unit associated in the CONFIGURATION section.

8. Late Configuration: Change the Gateway's Protocol

Reconfiguring the gateway with a different protocol is very easy:

1. Connect the gateway to the PC and open the configuration tool Intesis MAPS.
2. Select the new template you need.
3. Click **Next** or double-click the template in the list.
4. A message will pop up, asking if you want to save the project currently loaded in the gateway.
5. Click **Yes** or **No**, depending on your needs.
6. Configure the needed parameters and signals for your new project.
7. Send the configuration to the gateway.



NOTE

To know more about the gateway configuration, consult the [Intesis MAPS guide for Midea](#).

9. Error Codes



NOTE

These error codes are the same for all applications.

Error code	Error in RC	Error description
-200	N/A	Overconsumption error in XYE bus
-100	N/A	License error / Indoor units not supported by current license
65535 (-1)	N/A	Communication error between the gateway and the AC unit
0	N/A	No active error
1	E0	Phase error or error in the phase sequence
2	E1	Communication error
3	E2	T1 sensor error
4	E3	T2A sensor error
5	E4	T2B sensor error
6	E5	T3 temperature and T4 temperature Compressor discharge temperature sensors error
7	E6	Zero cross error detection
8	E7	EEPROM memory error
9	E8	Indoor fan speed out of control
10	E9	Communication error between the main panel and the visualization panel
11	EA	Compressor's current overload error (4 times)
12	EB	Inverter module protection
13	EC	Cooling error
14	ED	Outdoor unit fault protection
15	EE	Water level fault detection
16	EF	Other errors
101	P0	Vaporizer temperature protection
102	P1	Thawing or cold air protection
103	P2	Condenser high temperatures protection
104	P3	Compressor temperature protection
105	P4	Evacuation duct temperature protection
106	P5	Discharge high pressure protection
107	P6	Discharge low pressure protection
108	P7	Current overload or underload protection
109	P8	Compressor's current overload protection
110	P9	Reserved
111	PA	Reserved
112	PB	Reserved
113	PC	Reserved
114	PD	Reserved
115	PE	Reserved
116	PF	Other protection measures

**IMPORTANT**

These error codes may differ depending on the specific AC unit model.

**NOTE**

If you detect a non-listed error code, please contact to the technical support.